

To give particular examples, the rate of infantile mortality in New York was 51 per 1,000 live births in 1932 as against a rate of 58 per 1,000 for the birth registration area of the United States. In the same year, London and Berlin had infant mortality rates of 67 per 1,000 live births, as compared with 69 for the British Isles and 79 for Germany. In Vienna a rate, according to latest statistics, of 79 compared with 106 for Austria. On the other hand, Paris had a rate of 85 in 1932 compared with a rate of 76 for France in the same year, the latest for which comparable statistics are available.

In Canada, Montreal had in 1932 an infantile mortality of 100 per 1,000 live births as compared with 94 for the province of Quebec. Toronto had, in 1932, an infantile mortality rate of 62 per 1,000 live births as against 62.1 for the province of Ontario, while Winnipeg and Vancouver had much lower infantile mortality rates than their respective provinces. Victoria had in 1932 the lowest rate shown in the table and over a number of years both Vancouver and Victoria have shown two of the lowest infantile mortality rates in the world.

33.—Infantile Mortality per 1,000 Live Births in Great Cities of the World in 1932 or the Most Recent Year.

City.	Year.	Rate of Infantile Mortality.	City.	Year.	Rate of Infantile Mortality.
Victoria, B.C.	1932	29	Verdun	1932	66
Auckland	1932	31	Berlin	1932	67
Amsterdam	1932	34	London, Eng.	1932	67
Wellington	1932	34	Birmingham	1932	68
Adelaide	1932	39	Saint John	1932	69
Sydney, N.S.W.	1932	39	Saskatoon	1932	69
Stockholm	1932	41	Brandon	1932	73
Vancouver	1932	42	Edinburgh	1932	73
Winnipeg	1932	44	Sheffield	1932	73
Oslo	1932	45	Washington	1932	73
Hobart	1932	48	Munich	1932	75
Melbourne	1932	48	Antwerp	1932	76
Perth, W. Australia	1932	48	Cologne	1932	76
Regina	1932	48	Halifax	1932	78
Calgary	1932	49	Vienna	1929	79
Chicago	1932	49	Ottawa	1932	81
Edmonton	1932	49	Leipzig	1932	83
Frankfort-on-Main	1932	49	Breslau	1932	84
Brisbane	1922	50	Paris	1932	85
New York	1932	51	Manchester	1932	86
Copenhagen	1932	52	Cork	1932	87
Windsor	1932	52	Johannesburg	1932	88
Moncton	1932	53	Liverpool	1932	91
Hamilton	1932	62	Prague	1929	98
Toronto	1932	62	Montreal	1932	100
Hamburg	1932	64	Glasgow	1932	112
Cape Town	1932	65	Quebec	1932	135
Dresden	1932	66	Bombay	1932	218
London, Ont.	1932	66	Madras	1932	234

The infant mortality in the cities of Canada has been greatly reduced in the years since the inauguration of Dominion vital statistics. Thus the rate for Toronto has fallen from 90 in 1921 to 60 in 1933, that for Winnipeg from 78 to 39, for Vancouver from 56 to 34, for Hamilton from 88 to 57, for Ottawa from 130 to 89, for London from 92 to 64, for Edmonton from 89 to 53, for Halifax from 135 to 71, for Saint John from 147 to 93. Altogether, in the 13 cities of 40,000 population and over in the former registration area of Canada, there were 41,923 live births in 1921 and 3,833 infant deaths, being a rate of 91 per 1,000 live births. In 1933 in these same cities there were 34,856 live births but only 1,983 infant deaths, or a rate of 57 per 1,000 live births.